Floorplay

Belgrade 1977-78

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 Korchnol Spassky 1/2 1 0 0 0 0 1/2 1/2 1 1 1/2 0 1 1 1 1 1/2 1/2 0 0

THIS CRAZY score tells the story of one of the most turbulent candidates' matches in history. After defecting from the USSR last year, Korchnoi had vowed to show the Russians how to play. According to reports, Spassky received a message from the Kremlin halfway through the

match telling him to "win at

all costs". Korchnoi began the match, he had Polugayevsky, with a brilliant stream of victories. After the ninth round Spassky's usual gentlemanly behaviour changed abruptly. He began to play each game by looking

at the demonstration board from his private box at the side of the stage, coming to the board, often with one hand in his pocket, only to make a move. He refused to shake hands with Korchnoi before each game.

Korchnoi lodged a protest, but psychologically Spassky had succeeded and scored victories in games 11, 12, 13 and 14, narrowing Korchnoi's lead to just one point. After leaving his queen en prise in game 13, Korchnoi resorted to Spassky's tactics in one of the most ridiculous spectacles ever seen in the candidates' matches. For the 14th game both players sat in their private boxes. A candidates'

final with neither player on the stage! Every now and then one of them would emerge to make a move, press his clock, and then retreat.

Late in the game Spassky showed up on stage wearing a silver visor and sat down in a display of showmanship. Korchnoi protested and three moves later the curtain in front of the players inexplicably dropped and the front of the 3000 strong Yugoslav public began booing. Not surprisingly Korchnoi blundered again and left the arena broken and humiliated.

But in the final four clashes Korchnoi regained his nerve, and his almost fanatical

assures White of the draw.

desire to win pulled him through to score 7/4 to take. the match and thus earn the right to challenge World Champion Anatoly Karpov.

8th Match Game — Belgrade 77-78 Candidates' Final

FRENCH DEFENCE

| INLINC | II DEFENCE |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| SPASSKY (USSR) | KORCHNOI (stateless) |
| 1. e4 · 2. d4 | e6 d5 |
| 3. Nc3 4. e5 | Bb4 c5 |
| ant . | |

The main line Winawer, a knife-edged variation the individualist Korchnoi used frequently in the match. Theoretician John Moles has devoted an entire book to just

this variation and concludes it to be at present "sounder now than ever before".

Bxc3 ch 5. a3 Ne7

6. bxc3 7. Nf3

A major alternative is 7 Qg4. Spassky is also well acquainted with the Winawer having played it for both Black and White in the past.

7. . . . 8. d×c5!? Bd7

Moles's book recommends 8.a4! Spassky played 8.d×c5 in three of the match games but had minimal success.

8. . . . 9. Bd3 Qc7 Ba4 10. 0-0

The 6th game went 10.Be3 Nd7 11.Qb1 Nc6 12.Nd4 Nd×e5 13.Bb5 Qa5 and was drawn in 44 moves.

10. Nd7 11. Nd4 NXc5 12. Bb5ch B×b5 13. N×b5 QXe5 14. Re1

Things look good for White; a retreat of the black queen with 14... Qb8 is punished by 15.Qd4! with multiple threats.

Hey, that knight was supposed to be pinned! In fact this move illustrates an elementary but important point, the difference between an ordinary and an absolute pin. In an absolute pin (against the king) the piece cannot move in any circumstance, however, in an ordinary pin, as in this case, the pinned piece can occasionally move with a vengeance! Now it's a "you take my queen, I'll take,

yours" situation. So . . . 15. f3 16. Nd4 NXc3! 17. Qd2 Qc7 18. a4

Cutting off the knight's escape via b5.

18. Rc8 19. Bb2 **b**5 20. Bxc3 QXc3 21. QXc3 RXc3 22: a×b5 23. N×b5 a×b5 RXc2 24. Nd6ch Kd7 25. NXf7 Rb8

Time to take stock of the position. Black has won a but his king vulnerable in the centre and his pawns are slightly loose. Clearly Spassky can still fight. 26. Ra7ch Ke8

27. Ne5 But not 27.Ng5? Rbb2! when (a) 28.R×e6 Rb1ch and mates, or (b) 28.Ra8ch Nc8 29.R×e6ch Kd7 with a

winning advantage. Rbb2 28. Ra8ch Nc8 29. Nd3! Rb6

Avoiding Spassky's trap of . . R×g2ch 30.Kfl Rbc2 31.R×c8ch! winning a piece.

30. h4 Kd7 31. Ra4 Kd6 32. Rg4 Rd2 33. Nf4

e5 34. Nh5 Rb7 35. Nf6 Ne8ch Kd7

37. RXe5. Spassky has played well to recover his pawn and now the game should really be drawn.

Rblch 38. Kh2 Ne7 39. Ra4 Nc6 39. . K×e8? 40.Ra7

40. Nf6ch 41. Rg5 Kd6 Rb7 42. Ra6!

Amazingly almost zugzwang. Black has no really constructive move; some of the worst are 42... Kc5? 43.Ne4ch or 42... Kc7? 43.Ne8ch. As it is Korchnoi must allow Spassky his com-

Rf7 43. N×h7! Planning 43. . . $R \times h7$ 44.R×g6ch regaining knight with interest. Kc5 Now the squares! knight has no Ne5 44. R×g6 45. Ng5! Passive defence with 45.Rh6 is bad because of 45. . . NXf3ch. 45. . . . 46. R×g6!? NXg6

NXh4

straightforward

47.Kg3

The

46.NXf7

the full point. 46. Ra7 47. h5 Rda2! Again the genius on defence. Now Spassky should reply 48.h6 R(2)a6 49. Ne6ch with at least a draw, but under pressure he errs. 48. f4 49. h6 d3 50. Rg8 51. h7? R(2)a6 R×h7ch! 52. Kg3 52.N×h7 d2 53.Rd8 Rd6 Rd7

53. Rc8ch Kb4 Instead Spassky sets off for 54. Rb8ch Ka3 55. Ne4 d2 56. N×d2 57. Rg8 RXd2 Kb4 58. Kf3 Kc5 59. g3 60. Ke4 Ra3ch Re2ch 61. Kf5 Kd6 62. g4 63. Kg6 Ra5ch Re6ch 64. Kh7 R_a7ch 65. Rg7 R×g7ch 66. KXg7 Re4 67. Resigns MURRAY CHANDLER